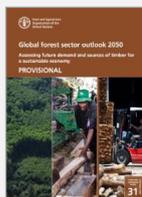


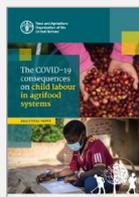
HIGHLIGHTS



Global forest sector outlook 2050: Assessing future demand and sources of timber for a sustainable economy – Background paper for The State of the World's Forests 2022. Provisional

This publication assesses the market outlook on demand for primary processed wood products; supply and demand of industrial roundwood; wood energy; and forest employment and investments.

(132 pp.) FAO Forestry Working Paper | [Press release](#)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2265en>



The COVID-19 consequences on child labour in agrifood systems – Analytical paper

This paper draws on case studies from seven countries covering different production systems, including municipal fisheries in the Philippines and cattle farming in Ethiopia. It reveals that the combination of lower participation in school, increased poverty, and pre-existing situations of economic fragility led to an increase in child labour in agriculture.

(80 pp.)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2136en>

BOOKS

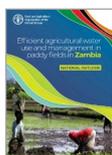
AGRICULTURE



Application of the participatory rangeland and grassland assessment (PRAGA) methodology in Kyrgyzstan – Baseline analysis, remote sensing, field assessment and validation report

This report recommends giving more financial autonomy to pasture users association (PUAs) and enhancing collaboration between herders and coordination of PUA herds, as a means of improving stakeholder capacity in addressing land degradation and its drivers.

(168 pp.)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cb9402en>



Efficient agricultural water use and management in paddy fields in Zambia – National outlook

This report presents a comprehensive outlook of paddy rice cultivation in Zambia. It shows that the predominant rice-producing areas in Zambia are found in the rainfed lowlands, characterized by annual flooding during the rainy season.

(68 pp.)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2141en>



The Aflaj System – Current performance and potentials for improvement. Small-scale and family farmers' collective action in managing natural resources in Oman

The findings indicate that the majority of farms are family-owned, a positive sign of cooperation among family members that avoids the division of land. This results in reasonable farm size, facilitating the sustainability of agricultural activity and productivity.

(Muscat, 80 pp.)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cb7420en>



Crop Prospects and Food Situation – Quarterly Global Report No. 3, September 2022

This report indicates that the food insecurity situation is grave due to the multiseason droughts in East Africa, and that unless humanitarian assistance is scaled up, famine is expected in parts of Somalia.

(44 pp.) Crop Prospects and Food Situation
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2300en>



Guide pratique de la pisciculture et de la rizi-pisciculture – Madagascar

The Sustainable Wildlife Management Programme was implemented in Madagascar to promote the conservation of biodiversity and to support the development of small-scale fish farming. From site selection to harvesting, this manual outlines best practices for healthy and productive fish farming.

(36 pp.) FAO, WCS, CIFOR et CIRAD
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2133fr>



The Global Action on Green Development of Special Agricultural Products: One Country One Priority Product – Action plan 2021–2025

This action plan outlines the rationale, main pillars and key principles of the One Country One Priority Product (OCOP) initiative. The expected impact of the OCOP includes the improvement and increased sustainability of agrifood systems, and increased market opportunities for smallholder and family farms.

(96 pp., Russian. Also available in [English](#))
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc0608ru>

ANIMAL PRODUCTION AND HEALTH



Global technical meeting on MERS-CoV and other emerging zoonotic coronaviruses – Virtual meeting 15–16 November 2021

The meeting summarized the latest scientific findings and country experiences of MERS-CoV and lessons learned from COVID-19 regarding the control and prevention of MERS-CoV. It suggested that One Health interventions be planned and strengthened with consideration given to community priorities and needs.

(40 pp.) FAO Animal Production and Health Reports
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc1677en>



Guidelines for the Control and Prevention of Peste des Petits Ruminants (PPR) in Wildlife Populations – Peste des petits ruminants Global Eradication Programme

Peste des petits ruminants (PPR) is a widespread, virulent and devastating disease of domestic small ruminants and wild artiodactyls. These guidelines aim to help countries in the development and implementation of PPR eradication programmes.

(20 pp., Arabic. Also available in [Chinese](#), [English](#), [French](#), [Mongolian](#), [Russian](#) and [Spanish](#))

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT



Tackling antimicrobial use and resistance in food-producing animals – Lessons learned in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland has worked in collaboration with farmers and vets to reduce the unnecessary use of antibiotics. This voluntary collaborative approach demonstrates that significant successes can be achieved when the livestock industry takes ownership of the issue and drives the work in its own sectors.

(68 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc0927en>



Youth in agriculture in Fiji – Analysis report

This report recommends a proactive approach to ensure young farmers continue to expand commercial agriculture in Fiji. The core of the approach is removing entry barriers to training and access to land, equipment, and digital and financial services, as well as promoting innovation and the use of technology.

(Suva, 88 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc1937en>

EVALUATIONS



Evaluación de resultados y lecciones aprendidas del "Programa Mesoamérica sin Hambre: Marcos institucionales más efectivos para mejorar la agricultura familiar y la seguridad alimentaria y nutricional"

This evaluation suggests providing financial support for the implementation of the next phase of the program, paying particular attention to the design of instruments that will increase the sustainability of institutional capacities.

(84 pp.) Programme Evaluation Series



Évaluation du projet «Est/Adamaoua/Nord: réduction des tensions/conflits liés à l'utilisation des ressources naturelles pour les activités agro-pastorales»

This evaluation finds that the project had a positive impact on local conflict resolution dynamics. It suggests investing in more research on the links between income-generating activities and conflict resolution or social cohesion outcomes.

(84 pp.) Série évaluation de projet



Evaluation of the project "Improved Land Tenancy in Sindh Province"

This evaluation finds that the project's outputs contributed to tenant and landlord beneficiaries through the transparency, security and accessibility associated with informal land tenancy agreements and village grievance redressal committees.

(84 pp.) Project Evaluation Series



Evaluation of the project "Improving rural livelihoods, environment & green jobs opportunities in Mafraq Governorate in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan"

This evaluation argues that one of the most significant achievements of the project was to achieve consensus on the use of biosolids (sludge) for agricultural purposes. Following the agreement, the national regulation governing the use of sludge in agricultural production will be amended.

(56 pp.) Project Evaluation Series

FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE



Assessment of fisheries innovations for investment and financing in Kenya

This assessment suggests that the demand for financial services and insurance from small-scale fisheries is low in Kenya. It proposes several recommendations to strengthen access to financial services, such as adopting digital financial services.

(84 pp.) FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Circular

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2184en>



Herramienta de diagnóstico jurídico y de políticas para la pesca en pequeña escala sostenible

This tool provides guidance on how to assess the alignment between national fisheries policies and the Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries (SSF), including a checklist for conducting a preliminary assessment.

(92 pp. Also available in [English](#))

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cb8234es>



Report of the Thirty-first Session of the European Inland Fisheries and Aquaculture Advisory Commission – Killarney, Ireland, 22–24 June 2022

The Commission adopted resolutions on: 1) EIFAAC Resolutions, Recommendations and Advisory Notes; 2) the Code of Conduct for Recreational Fisheries and Invasive Alien Species; 3) the protection of vulnerable and endangered fish species from unsustainable predation from cormorants; and 4) small-scale fisheries and aquaculture.

(48 pp.) FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Report

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc1986en>



Report on the Eighteenth session of the Committee for Inland Fisheries and Aquaculture of Africa. Bamako, Mali, 26–30 November 2019

The session discussed the sustainability of aquaculture production; fish diseases; and environmental constraints and shared experiences in sustainable development of inland fisheries and aquaculture in West Africa.

(Accra, 40 pp. Bilingual in English and French) FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Report

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/ca9291b>

FOOD SAFETY



Report of the expert meeting on food safety for seaweed – Current status and future perspectives. Rome, 28–29 October 2021

This report identifies food safety hazards linked to the consumption of seaweed and aquatic plants, such as heavy metals and marine biotoxins. It also reviews factors that affect the presence of hazards in seaweed, including the type of seaweed, its physiology, and the season in which it is produced.

(92 pp.) Food Safety and Quality Series

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc0846en>



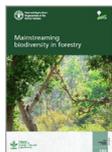
FORESTRY



Grazing with trees – A silvopastoral approach to managing and restoring drylands

This report assesses and provides evidence on the benefits of applying an integrated landscape approach. It indicates that grazing livestock help control vegetation, accelerate nutrient cycles, and improve soil fertility.

(180 pp.) FAO Forestry Paper
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2280en>



Mainstreaming biodiversity in forestry

This paper shows that while progress has been made towards mainstreaming biodiversity in forest management, biodiversity continues to decline globally. Factors driving this decline include ongoing deforestation; failure to prevent or sustainably manage hunting; and illegal and unregulated timber.

(176 pp.) FAO Forestry Paper
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2229en>



Halting deforestation from agricultural value chains: the role of governments

To meet the 2030 target to halt deforestation, this report recommends that governments create the conditions for farmers to change their practices to maximize production, while minimizing the impact on forests and biodiversity.

(68 pp.)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2262en>

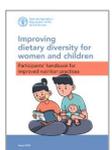


What have we learned from trees? Three decades of farmer field schools on agroforestry and forestry

This publication shows that forestry-related farmer field schools have been implemented in over 20 countries across Africa, Asia and the Americas. It recommends making a greater investment to support family farmers and small-scale producers in strengthening their knowledge and skills.

(12 pp.)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2258en>

NUTRITION



Improving dietary diversity for women and children – Participants' handbook for improved nutrition practices

Eating a variety of foods in appropriate quantities daily is key to a healthy diet for everyone. This handbook contains practical guidance covering the aspects of production, collection, marketing, storage, processing, preparation and consumption of diverse foods.

(Nay Pyi Taw, 72 pp.)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc1977en>

PLANT PRODUCTION AND HEALTH



Report on the analysis to support the transition to a sustainable Implementation Review and Support System (IRSS)

This report provides a diagnostic of the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC) Implementation Review and Support System (IRSS). One of the principle recommendations is that the system design should be revisited and revised.

(64 pp.) IPPC Secretariat
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc0799en>



Guía de condición de plagas: Comprensión de los principales requisitos para la determinación de la condición de una plaga

This document provides guidance on determining whether a pest is expected to establish in an area, and whether it is widely distributed or under official control. It describes how pest status determination supports other activities, such as pest reporting.

(100 pp. Also available in [English](#)) Secretaría de la CIPF
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cb6103es>

RESILIENCE



Striking before disasters do – Promoting phased Anticipatory Action for slow-onset hazards

This paper summarizes FAO's conceptual and programmatic approach for anticipating and mitigating the impact of slow-onset hazards on the most vulnerable people who depend on agriculture for their livelihoods and food security.

(52 pp.)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2213en>

RECENT RELEASE FROM OTHER UN AGENCIES AND IGOs

ORGANISATION FOR ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT – OECD



OECD Economic Outlook – Interim Report September 2022. Paying the Price of War

Inflation has intensified and become widespread across countries and consumer items. The risk of energy disruptions has risen. This report focuses on the effects of the war on the world economy and the energy crisis.

(Paris, 24 pp. Also available in [French](#) and [German](#))
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1787/ae8c39ec-en>