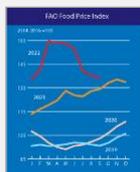


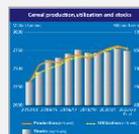
HIGHLIGHTS



FAO Food Price Index

The index tracks monthly changes in the international prices of a basket of commonly traded food commodities. It averaged 136.3 points in September, down 1.1 percent from August, while remaining 5.5 percent higher than its value a year earlier.

[Press release](#)

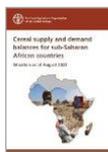


FAO Cereal Supply and Demand Brief

The global cereal production forecast for 2022 has been lowered for a second consecutive month, now pegged at 2 768 million tonnes, 1.7 percent below the 2021 outturn.

BOOKS

AGRICULTURE



Cereal supply and demand balances for sub-Saharan African countries – Situation as of August 2022

Based on data collected from the Country Cereal Balance Sheet system, this statistical report presents updated annual supply and demand balances for the main cereals produced and consumed in sub-Saharan African countries, including wheat, rice and coarse grains.

(64 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2315en>



Tendencias recientes y perspectivas en el mercado algodonero mundial y evolución de las políticas

This report discusses the key trends that affect the cotton market, the relationship between synthetic and cotton fibres, and the extent to which technology can alter that relationship. It aims to support policymaking and investment strategies for a more efficient, inclusive, resilient and sustainable cotton sector.

(76 pp. Also available in [English](#))

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cb3269es>

ANIMAL PRODUCTION AND HEALTH



Animal nutrition strategies and options to reduce the use of antimicrobials in animal production

The strategies are intended to reduce the risk of the presence of potentially harmful substances in feed and water. General dietary measures to promote gastrointestinal tract health include the selective use of a combination of feed additives and feed ingredients.

(112 pp., Russian. Also available in [English](#)) FAO Animal Production and Health Paper

CLIMATE CHANGE



Guide pour un cursus en agriculture intelligente face au climat (AIC) dans les programmes d'enseignement en Afrique de l'ouest francophone

This guide contains curricula related to climate science and climate-smart agriculture practices. It aims to increase learners' awareness and understanding of climate change and climate-smart approaches.

(244 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc1691fr>



Technical guidance for the Nationally Determined Contribution Expert Tool (NEXT)

The Nationally Determined Contribution Expert Tool (NEXT) is a greenhouse gas accounting tool to support annual environmental impact assessment for the Agriculture, Forestry and Other Land Use (AFOLU) sector. It provides a detailed temporal series of results and a wide set of indicators, enabling a comprehensive environmental and economic overview of climate actions in achieving mitigation targets.

(256 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc0568en>

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT



Catalysing the sustainable and inclusive transformation of food systems – Conceptual framework and method for national and territorial assessments

The conceptual framework presented in this report articulates key components of food systems, covering food supply chain actors and activities, and the environments of production and consumption. It aims to assist nations in activating a sustainable and inclusive transformation of food systems.

(Rome, Brussels & Montpellier., 72 pp. Also available in [French](#) and [Portuguese](#)) FAO; CIRAD & European Union
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cb8603en>

EVALUATIONS



Evaluación de la contribución de la FAO en el Estado Plurinacional de Bolivia: 2018-2021

This evaluation suggests that FAO should make greater use of theories of change in designing and implementing its new programming framework, and strengthen the monitoring and evaluation system to generate evidence about the progress of the processes and expected programme results.

(64 pp.) Serie de evaluaciones de los programas en los países



Evaluation of the Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) Global Strategic Programme (GSP) 2019-2022

This evaluation proposes several recommendations for adjusting the IPC to meet and keep pace with evolving demands of users, including strengthening the Early Warning role of IPC analyses and promoting greater predictability and frequency of IPC analyses.

(84 pp.) Programme Evaluation Series



Terminal evaluation of the project "Rehabilitation of Degraded Agricultural Lands in Kandy, Badulla and Nuwara Eliya Districts in the Central Highlands"

This evaluation found that the project generated relevant planned and unplanned outcomes, including spontaneous dissemination of project models and demand for replication and use of Participatory Land Use Development Plans (PLUDP) as national model for village level resource planning.

(128 pp.) Project Evaluation Series

FOOD SAFETY



Evaluation of certain veterinary drug residues in food: ninety-fourth report of the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives – WHO Technical Report Series No. 1041

The Committee evaluated toxicological and residue data on a variety of veterinary drugs, including two antiparasitic agents (imidacloprid and ivermectin) and one coccidiostat (nicarbazin). It also suggested acceptable daily intakes and proposed maximum residue limits.

(108 pp.)

FORESTRY



An assessment of uptake of the Global Core Set of Forest-related Indicators

The assessment shows that the Global Core Set is a useful and flexible tool with potential to reduce the reporting burden on countries and improve understanding of sustainable forest management. It points out that more efforts, such as capacity building, dissemination and promotion, are needed for the tool to achieve its full potential.

(40 pp.) FAO & CPF
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2223en>



Forest sector contribution to national economies 2015 – The direct, indirect and induced effects on value added, employment and labour income

This report reveals that the forest sector's contribution to national economies goes beyond the sector itself and extends to other sectors of the economy. For example, the forest sector also contributed to the GDP through local spending by forest sector employees and through the indirectly affected supplying sectors.

(140 pp.) Forestry Working Paper
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2387en>



Global assessment of forest education – Creation of a Global Forest Education Platform and Launch of a Joint Initiative under the Aegis of the Collaborative Partnership on Forests

The findings of this assessment reveal that there is insufficient coverage of forest-related topics in curricula, especially at the primary and secondary school levels. In addition, students have limited access to forests and few opportunities for field experience, internships and practical training.

(88 pp.) Forestry Working Paper
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2196en>



Pulp and paper capacities, survey 2021-2026

Based on the submitted data from 32 countries, this report presents statistics on pulp and paper production; pulp and paper production capacity; the utilization of recovered paper; and short-term capacity forecasts.

(208 pp., Trilingual in English, French & Spanish) Pulp and Paper Capacities (Tri)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc1985t>



Urban forestry and urban greening in drylands - Improving resilience, health and wellbeing of urban communities. A background document for the Green Urban Oases Programme

This report suggests that incorporating green spaces, trees and forests into the urban fabric can support the provision of ecosystem goods and services that are critical for the livelihoods, health and well-being of urban populations, while increasing their resilience to global shifts such as climate change.

(60 pp.)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2085en>

PLANT PRODUCTION AND HEALTH



Pest status guide – Understanding the principal requirements for pest status determination

This document provides guidance on determining whether a pest is expected to establish in an area, and whether it is widely distributed or under official control. It describes how pest status determination supports other activities, such as pest reporting.

(100 pp., Arabic. Also available in [English](#) and [Spanish](#))
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cb6103ar>



Proceedings of the Global Conference on Green Development of Seed Industries, 4–5 November 2021

The proceedings provide a record of the main highlights of the conference, including the opening and keynote address plenary session, a high-level ministerial segment, and eight parallel sessions dedicated to the four conference themes of advanced technologies.

(180 pp.)
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc1220en>

RESILIENCE



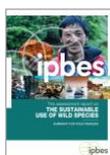
Monitoring food security in food crisis countries with conflict situations – A joint FAO/WFP update for the members of the United Nations Security Council, May 2022 – Issue no. 10

This report indicates that Mali, Nigeria (21 states and Federal Capital Territory) and Yemen are expected to face significant increases in the population facing Emergency or worse (IPC/CH Phase 4 or above) by mid-2022 because of conflict and insecurity.

(84 pp.) FAO & WFP

RECENT RELEASE FROM OTHER UN AGENCIES AND IGOs

INTERGOVERNMENTAL SCIENCE-POLICY PLATFORM ON BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEM SERVICES – IPBES



Assessment report on the sustainable use of wild species

The assessment indicates that the use of wild species contributes directly to the well-being of billions of people globally. The assessment highlights drivers of sustainability and compares the effectiveness of policy options to better govern the sustainable use of wild species.

(Bonn, 1564 pp.)